

## Years 12 & 13 Curriculum A Level: Computer Science

Year 12	Term 1 (Autumn)		Term 2 (Spring)		Term 3 (Summer)	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Торіс	Abstraction & Automation Theory of Computation Fundamentals of Data Representation Fundamentals of Computer Systems Fundamentals of Programming	Theory of Computation Fundamentals of Data Representation Fundamentals of Computer systems Consequences of Uses of Computing	Fundamentals of Communication & Networking Classification of Programming Languages & Translation Exam Code Release & Exam Preparation	Revision Mock Examinations Exam Code Preparation and Java Practice		Fundamentals of Programming
Key Concepts	<ul> <li>Abstraction, Information hiding, Procedural abstraction, Functional abstraction, Data abstraction, Problem abstraction/reduction, Decomposition, and Automation</li> <li>Finite state machines</li> <li>Number types</li> <li>Number types</li> <li>Number Bases</li> <li>Units of information</li> <li>External Hardware devices including secondary storage devices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Finite state machines</li> <li>Number types</li> <li>Number Bases</li> <li>Units of information</li> <li>Information Coding Systems</li> <li>Representing images, sound and other data</li> <li>Data Compression and Encryption</li> <li>Logic gates</li> <li>Boolean Algebra</li> <li>Types of program translator</li> <li>Internal hardware components of a computer</li> <li>The stored program concept</li> <li>Structure and role of the processor and its components</li> <li>The Fetch-Execute cycle and the role of registers within it</li> <li>The processor instruction set</li> <li>Addressing modes</li> <li>Machine-code/assembly language operations</li> <li>Factors affecting processor performance</li> <li>Individual (moral), social (ethical), legal and cultural issues and opportunities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communication methods</li> <li>The processor instruction set</li> <li>Addressing modes</li> <li>Machine-code/assembly language operations</li> </ul>	Working through past exam contests.	ode and completing practice	<ul> <li>Object orientated programming <ul> <li>Class</li> <li>Object</li> <li>Instantiation</li> <li>Encapsulation</li> <li>Inheritance</li> <li>Aggregation</li> <li>Composition</li> <li>Polymorphism</li> <li>Overriding.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Java FX</li> <li>Abstract Data Structures</li> <li>Introduction to the NEA</li> </ul>





Year 13	Term 1 (Autumn)		Term 2 (Spring)		Term 3 (Summer)	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Торіс	Fundamentals of Data Structures Fundamentals of Algorithms NEA and Exam Code Preparation	Fundamentals of Data Representation Theory of Computation Searching & Sorting Algorithms Fundamentals of Algorithms NEA & Exam Code Preparation	Theory of Computation Fundamentals of Data Representation Fundamentals of Computer Organisation & Architecture Logic Gates Fundamentals of Databases The Internet NEA & Exam Code Preparation	Fundamentals of Communication & Networking Big Data NEA & Exam Code Preparation	Fundamentals of Functional Programming Exam Code Preparation	
Key Concepts	<ul> <li>Data structures and abstract data types</li> <li>Trees – Binary Trees</li> <li>Hash Tables</li> <li>Vectors</li> <li>Graph Traversal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Real Numbers - Numbers with a fractional part</li> <li>Reverse Polish – infix transformations</li> <li>Finite state machines (FSMs) with and without output</li> <li>Regular expressions and maths for regular expressions</li> <li>Backus-Naur Form (BNF)/syntax diagrams</li> <li>Linear and Binary Search</li> <li>Bubble and Merger Sort</li> <li>Comparing algorithms</li> <li>Maths for understanding Big- 0 notation</li> <li>Order of complexity</li> <li>Limits of computation</li> <li>Classification of algorithmic problems</li> <li>Computable and non- computable problems</li> <li>Halting problem</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turing Machines</li> <li>Vector graphics</li> <li>Vector graphics versus bitmapped graphics</li> <li>Interrupts</li> <li>Logic gates</li> <li>Conceptual data models and entity relationship modelling</li> <li>Relational databases</li> <li>Database design and normalisation techniques</li> <li>Structured Query Language (SQL)</li> <li>Client server databases</li> <li>The Internet and how it works</li> <li>Internet security</li> <li>TCP/IP</li> <li>Standard application layer protocols</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>IP address structure</li> <li>Subnet masking</li> <li>IP standards</li> <li>Public and private IP addresses</li> <li>Public and private IP addresses</li> <li>Network Address Translation (NAT)</li> <li>Port forwarding</li> <li>Client server model</li> <li>Thin- versus thick-client computing</li> <li>Big Data – volume, velocity and variety</li> <li>Be familiar with the: <ul> <li>Fact-based model for representing data</li> <li>Graph schema for capturing the structure of the dataset</li> <li>Nodes, edges and properties in graph schema</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Function type</li> <li>First-class object</li> <li>Function application</li> <li>Partial function application</li> <li>Composition of functions</li> <li>Writing functional programs</li> <li>Functional language programs</li> <li>List processing</li> </ul>	

NEA = Non-examined assessment







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