

	Further Maths					
Торіс	Complex numbers	Matrices	Further algebra	Further calculus		
<ul> <li>Key Concepts</li> <li>Argand diagrams, including loci</li> <li>Roots of unity</li> <li>De Moivre's theorem</li> <li>Complex plane transformations</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Matrix manipulation</li> <li>Inverse matrices</li> <li>Transformations</li> <li>Matrix equations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Roots of polynomials</li> <li>Method of differences</li> <li>Series sums</li> <li>Maclaurin series</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Volumes of revolution</li> <li>Improper integrals</li> <li>Mean value of a function</li> <li>Differentiate and integrate inverse trig functions</li> </ul>		
Торіс	Further vectors	Polar coordinates	Hyperbolic functions	Differential equations		
Key Concepts	<ul> <li>Equations of lines and planes</li> <li>Scalar product</li> <li>Intersection of lines and planes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conversion between polar and Cartesian forms</li> <li>Areas of curves</li> <li>Sketching polar curves</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Exponential form</li> <li>Differentiation and integration</li> <li>Solving hyperbolic equations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>First order equations using integrating factor</li> <li>Separation of variables</li> <li>Second order equations</li> <li>Related differential equations</li> </ul>		

	Further Statistics					
Торіс	Discrete probability	Poisson and normal distributions	Negative binomial distribution	Hypothesis testing	Central limit theorem	
Key Concepts	<ul> <li>Use of discrete probability</li> <li>Pdf and pgf</li> <li>Modelling</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Use and limitations of distributions</li><li>Modelling and interpretation</li></ul>	<ul><li>Use and interpretation</li><li>Modelling using distribution</li></ul>	<ul> <li>One and two tailed tests</li> <li>P values</li> <li>Confidence limits</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Distribution of sample mean</li><li>Link to population mean</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Te ex</li> <li>Te</li> </ul>

	Further Mechanics			
Торіс	Momentum & Impulse	Work, Energy & Power	Elastic Strings	
Key Concepts	<ul> <li>Conservation of momentum</li> <li>Impulse-change in momentum laws</li> <li>Angles of separation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Work-energy principle</li> <li>Power equations</li> <li>Power = rate of work</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hooke's law</li> <li>Modulus of elasticity</li> <li>Simple harmonic motion</li> </ul>	

	Decision Maths			
Торіс	Algorithms & Graph Theory	Algorithms on Graphs	Critical Path Analysis	
Key Concepts	<ul> <li>Nature of algorithms</li> <li>Definitions of networks and graphs</li> <li>Sorting algorithms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dijkstra's and Prim's methods</li> <li>Bin packing</li> <li>Chinese postman and travelling salesman problems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Event dependency</li> <li>Forward and backward pass</li> <li>Float and criticality</li> <li>Scheduling and resourcing</li> </ul>	



## Chi squared tests

Test between observed and expected frequencies Testing of hypotheses

## **Elastic Collisions**

- 2 and 3 dimensions
- Loss of energy
- Momentum

## Linear Programming

- Formulation of inequalities
- Objective functions
- Critical regions •
- Resource allocation
- Simplex Algorithm





# Both Year 10 & 11 pupils will sit one mock examination.

	Year 10		Year 11		
	Mock Exam		Mock Exam		<b>Revision Resources</b>
	Spring Term		:	Spring Term	Kennet Resources
Style of Assessment	Paper 1:Paper 2:Non-CalculatorCalculator		Paper 1: Non- Calculator	Paper 2: Calculator	<ul> <li>Core Questions</li> <li>Knowledge Organisers</li> <li>Learning Habits</li> </ul>
Topics Assessed	• •		<ul> <li>A selection of topics covered since the beginning of Year 10. These may be taken from the previous list and from the following:</li> <li>Drawing and sketching functions (including straight lines, quadratics, cubics, exponentials &amp; reciprocal), completing the square, algebraic fractions, surds, solving linear and quadratic equations using a variety of methods, simultaneous equations (up to three unknowns), co-ordinate geometry (including circles), Pythagoras and trigonometry (including in non-right-angled triangles), 3D trigonometry and 3D Pythagoras</li> <li>Any topic may be assessed on either paper. The topic may be assessed more than once in different scenarios, e.g. knowledge recall in one question and as a proof in a different question</li> </ul>		